

## MUNICIPALITY • UMASIPALA • MUNISIPALITEIT

STELLENBOSCH • PNIEL • FRANSCHHOEK

Ref no.3/4/1/5

2022-11-23

# NOTICE OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF STELLENBOSCH MUNICIPALITY THURSDAY, 2023-01-12 AT 10:00

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The Speaker, Cllr Q Smit [Chairperson] The Executive Mayor, Ald GMM Van Deventer The Deputy Executive Mayor, Cllr JS Fasser The Council Whip, Cllr P Crawley

COUNCILLORS **RA** Adams J Andrews Ald JC Anthony A Crombie ZJ Dalling MM Danana I De Taillerfer R Du Toit A Ferns E Groenewald AJ Hanekom RB Hendrikse P Johnson J Joon O Jooste X Kalipa N Mananga-Gugushe C Manuel EP Masimini NE Mcombring

XL Mdemka NM Mkhontwana **RS** Nalumango NR Ndalasi **CD** Noble L Nkamisa M Nkopane N Ntsunguzi N Olayi WC Petersen **RO** Pheiffer WF Pietersen MG Rataza Ald JP Serdyn A Tomose **RB** Van Rooyen M Van Stade CA Van Wyk E Vermeulen J Williams

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 29, read with Section 18(2) if the *Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 117 of 1998*, as amended, that a **SPECIAL MEETING** of the **COUNCIL** of **STELLENBOSCH MUNICIPALITY** will be held via **MS TEAMS** on **THURSDAY**, **12 JANUARY 2023** at **10:00** to consider the items on the Agenda.

### SPEAKER CLLR Q SMIT

## AGENDA

SPECIAL MEETING OF COUNCIL

### OF STELLENBOSCH MUNICIPALITY

### 2023-01-12

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### SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING

### 2023-01-12

### 8.1 **PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY**

Collaborator No: IDP KPA Ref No: Meeting Date:

Files Good Governance and Compliance 12 January 2023

### 1. SUBJECT: PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

### 2. PURPOSE

that Council approves the New Preferential Procurement Policy.

### 3. DELEGATED AUTHORITY

Council.

### 4. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

To give effect to the New Preferential Procurement Regulations (2022 Regulations) under the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (PPPFA) that were gazette by the Minister of Finance on 4 November 2022.

Considering this newly gazette Preferential Procurement Regulations, The Stellenbosch Municipality are compelled like all other municipalities to table a New Preferential Procurement Policy **(ANNEXURE A)** that must comply with the newly gazette Preferential Procurement Regulations.

Further to the above Stellenbosch Municipality need to repeal its previously adopted and approved Preferential Procurement Policy.

Amendments to the current Supply Chain Management Policy will also be drafted and included that will ensure the effective functioning of our Supply Chain Management system.

The New Preferential Procurement Policy was tabled at Council in November 2022 and thereafter advertised for public comment **(ANNEXURE B)**. No comments were received.

### 5. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- (a) that current Preferential Procurement Policy be repealed; and
- (b) that the New Preferential Procurement Policy be approved.

### 6. DISCUSSION / CONTENTS

### 6.1 <u>Background</u>

### **Legislative Framework**

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, No. 32 of 2000 and Regulations Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, No. 56 of 2003 Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 Preferential Procurement Regulations 2022

### **Background**

On 2 November 2020, the Supreme Court of Appeal (SCA) in the case of Afri-business NPC v The Minister of Finance declared the Preferential Procurement Regulation, 2017 invalid and set it aside. The SCA suspended the declaration of invalidity for 12 months. The Minister of Finance appealed to the Constitutional Court and by operation of section 18(1), the operation and execution of a decision of the SCA was suspended pending the appeal.

On 16 February 2022, the Constitutional Court in Minister of Finance v Afri-business NPC dismissed the appeal against the SCA judgement.

The Supreme Court of Appeal (SCA) declared that the Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017 were inconsistent with the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act 5 of 2000 and ruled that the regulations were invalid. The court exercised its powers in terms of section 172(1)(b)(ii) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 and suspended the order of invalidity for a period of twelve months and to allow the Minister to correct the defects because the main finding was that the regulations were ultra vires the Ministers regulatory authority as set out in Section 5 (1) of the PPPFA.

### 6.2 <u>Discussion</u>

On 4 November 2022, The Minister of Finance gazetted new Preferential Procurement Regulations (2022 Regulations) under the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (PPPFA) and it is aimed at aligning the regulations to the February 2022 Constitutional Court judgement.

The Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act 5 of 2000)-[PPPFA] was promulgated by the Minister in response to the Constitutional provision and allow Municipalities to develop its own Preferential Procurement Policies and to implement such policies in line with the PPPFA framework.

Section 2 (1) (d) (i) and (ii) of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 refers to specific goals which may include:

- (i) contracting with persons, or categories of persons, historically disadvantaged by unfair discrimination on the basis of race, gender or disability.
- (ii) implementing the programmes of the Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP) as published in *Government Gazette* 16085 dated 23 November 1994.

In light of the above provisions within the PPPFA, Act 2000, the Stellenbosch Municipality have drafted a new PPP Policy in conjunction with the other municipalities in the Western Cape as well as the Provincial Treasury and this new policy seek to give effect to the above-mentioned sections within the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act. The New PPP Policy will be a combination of BBEEE points together with points for Local enterprises within the boundaries of the WC 024.

The New Preferential Procurement Policy was tabled at Council in November 2022 and thereafter advertised for public comment **(ANNEXURE B)**. No comments were received.

### 6.1. <u>Financial Implications</u>

None.

AGENDA

### 6.4 Legal Implications

The item is compliant with the relevant legislative framework.

### 6.5 <u>Staff Implications</u>

None.

### 6.6 Previous / Relevant Council Resolutions

9<sup>TH</sup> COUNCIL MEETING: 2022-11-23: ITEM 11.4.1

### 6.7 <u>Risk Implications</u>

If the new Preferential Procurement Policy is not approved by 16 January 2023 the municipality will be non-compliant with the provisions of the Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 and Preferential Procurement Regulations 2022.

### 6.8 Comments from Senior Management

### 6.8.1 Chief Financial Officer

Supports this item.

### 6.8.2 <u>Municipal Manager</u>

Supports this item.

### ANNEXURES

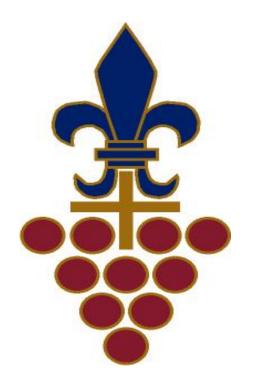
- A Preferential Procurement Policy
- B Notice for Public Comment: New Preferential Procurement Policy

NAME	Kevin Carolus	
Position	Chief Financial Officer	
DIRECTORATE	Financial Services	
CONTACT NUMBERS	021 808 8528	
E-MAIL ADDRESS	kevin.carolus@stellenbosch.gov.za	
REPORT DATE	06 January 2023	

### FOR FURTHER DETAILS CONTACT:

# **ANNEXURE** A

# STELLENBOSCH MUNICIPALITY



# PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

2022/2023

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### 1. Definitions

In this policy, unless the context indicates otherwise, any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act must bear the meaning so assigned—

"Acceptable Tender" mean any tender which, in all respects, complies with the specification and conditions of tender as set out in tender document

"Black designated groups" has the meaning assigned to it in the codes of good practice issued in terms of section 9 (1) of the BBBEEA.

"Black people" has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the BBBEEA.

"**Designated group**" means black designated groups, black people, women, people with disabilities; or small enterprises which are enterprises, owned, managed, and controlled by previously disadvantaged persons and which is overcoming business impediments arising from the legacy of apartheid.

**"Disability"** means in respect of a person, a permanent means, in respect of a person, a permanent impairment of a physical, intellectual, or sensory function, which results in restricted, or lack of, ability to perform an activity in the manner, or within the range, considered normal for a human being.

### "EME" means

 exempted micro enterprise in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of a code of good practice on black economic empowerment issued in terms of section 9(1) of the BBBEEA.

(2) an entity with an annual turnover of R10 000 00.000 (ten million Rand) or less

#### "Historically disadvantaged individual (HDI)" means a South African citizen -

(1) who, due to the apartheid policy that had been in place, had no franchise in national elections prior to the introduction of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1983 (Act No 110 of 1983); and / or

(2) who is a female; and / or

(3) who has a disability:

Provided that a person who obtained South African citizenship on or after the coming to effect of the Interim Constitution, is deemed not to be an HDI.

"highest acceptable tender" means a tender that complies with all specifications and conditions of tender and that has the highest price compared to other tenders;

"**lowest acceptable tender**" means a tender that complies with all specifications and conditions of tender and that has lowest price compared to other tenders;

"Locality" means the local suppliers and/or service providers that business offices are within the Municipal area.

"Large Enterprises" is a company with an annual turnover in excess of R50 million.

"Market Analysis" means a technique used to identify market characteristics for specific goods or services

"Municipal Area" means the Stellenbosch Municipality Municipal area (WC024)

"**National Treasury**" has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);

"**Objective Criteria**" for the purpose of section of 2(1) f of the procurement Act must be criteria other than the additional to criteria relating to equity ownership by HDI's or whether or not a bidder was located in a particular province or municipal area

"**price**" means an amount of money tendered for goods or services, and includes all applicable taxes less all unconditional discounts;

"**Proof of B-BBEE status level of contributor**" means the B-BBEE status level certificate issued by an authorized body or person

- 1) a sworn affidavit as prescribed by the B-BBEE Codes of Good Practice; or
- 2) any other requirement prescribed in terms of the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act.

"Qualifying Small Enterprise (QSE) "is a company with a turnover between R10 million and R50 million

"**Rand value**" means the total estimated value of a contract in Rand, calculated at the time of the tender invitation;

"Region" means the district and/or Cape Winelands District Municipality.

"Rural area" means-

- a separately populated area in which people farm or depend on natural resources, including villages and small towns that are dispersed through the area; or
- an area including a large settlement which depends on migratory labour and remittances and government social grants for survival and may have a traditional land tenure system.

"**Specific** *goals*" means specific goals as contemplated in section 2(1)(d) of the Act which may include contracting with persons, or categories of persons, historically disadvantaged by unfair discrimination on the basis of race, gender and disability including the implementation of programmes of the Reconstruction and Development Programme as

published in Government Gazette No. 16085 dated 23 November 1994;

**"SMME"** means small, medium and micro enterprises namely Exempted Micro Enterprises and Qualifying Small Enterprises

**"Tender**" means a written offer in the form determined by a Municipality in response to an invitation to provide goods or services through price quotations, competitive tendering process or any other method envisaged in legislation;

"tender for income-generating contracts" means a written offer in the form determined by an organ of state in response to an invitation for the origination of

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income-generating contracts through any method envisaged in legislation that will result in a legal agreement between the organ of state and a third party that produces revenue for the organ of state, and includes, but is not limited to, leasing and disposal of assets and concession contracts, excluding direct sales and disposal of assets through public auctions;

"The Act" means the Preferential Procurement Policy Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000).

**"Youth"** has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the National Youth Development Agency Act, 2008 (Act No. 54 of 2008).

### 2. Introduction

The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, provides in sections 152(1)(c) and 152(2) that local government must promote social and economic development and that the municipality must strive within its financial and administrative capacity, to achieve the objects set out in subsection 152(1).

The Constitution provides in section 217 that an organ of state must contract for goods or services in accordance with a procurement system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive, and cost effective and to implement a policy to grant preferences within a framework prescribed by National Legislation.

The Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 requires: "(1) Every organ of state and public entity must apply any relevant code of good practice issued in terms of this Act in (b) developing and implementing a preferential procurement policy

The Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act 5 of 2000)-[PPPFA] was promulgated by the Minister in response to the Constitutional provision and allow for a Municipality to develop a preferential procurement policy and to implement such policy within the PPPFA framework.

Section 2 (1) (d) (i) and (ii) of the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 refers to specific goals which may include:

- contracting with persons, or categories of persons, historically disadvantaged by unfair discrimination on the basis of race, gender or disability;
- (ii) implementing the programmes of the Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP) as published in *Government Gazette* 16085 dated 23 November 1994.

The RDP (1994), as basis for development in South Africa, was meant to provide a holistic, integrated, coherent socio-economic policy that is aimed at mobilising people and resources to work towards the upliftment of the material and social conditions of local communities to build sustainable livelihoods for these communities.

In terms of Section 2 (1)(d)(ii), the following activities may be regarded as a contribution towards achieving the goals of the RDP, in addition to the awarding of preference points in favour of HDIs (published in Government Gazette No. 16085 dated 23 November 1994):

(i) The promotion of South African owned enterprises;

- (ii) The promotion of export orientated production to create jobs;
- (iii) The promotion of SMMEs;
- (iv) The creation of new jobs or the intensification of labour absorption;
- The promotion of enterprises located in a specific province for work to be done or services to be rendered in that province;
- (vi) The promotion of enterprises located in a specific region for work to be done or services to be rendered in that region;
- (vii) The promotion of enterprises located in a specific municipal area for work to be done or services to be rendered in that municipal area;
- (viii) The promotion of enterprises located in rural areas;
- (ix) The empowerment of the work force by standardising the level of skill and knowledge of workers;
- (x) The development of human resources, including by assisting in tertiary and other advanced training programmes, in line with key indicators such as percentage of wage bill spent on education and training and improvement of management skills; and
- (xi) The upliftment of communities through, but not limited to, housing, transport, schools, infrastructure donations, and charity organisations.

### 3. Purpose, and Objectives

a) The purpose of this policy is to:

i) Provide for categories of preference in awarding of bids;

ii) Provide for the advancement of persons or categories of persons disadvantaged by unfair discrimination; and

iii) Clarify the mechanisms how the above items in par 1.1 (a) (i) and (ii) will be implemented.

b) Objectives

a) Promote Black-Based Black Economic Empowerment (B-BBEE) -

enterprises providing services and goods.

b) Promote Small Medium and Micro Enterprises (SMME's), Joint Ventures, Consortiums, and partnerships in the municipal area.

c) Implement recognised best procurement practises through effective planning, strategic purchasing, and contract management.

The policy rests upon certain core principles of behaviour as set out in the Constitution and ratified by the Constitutional Certification Judgements. In this context, the policy will be applied in accordance with a system, which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive, and cost-effective in terms of Section 217 of the Constitution.

This policy strives to ensure that the objectives for uniformity in the supply chain management systems between Municipalities/Municipal entities, is not undermined and that consistency with the SCM and LED policies in line with sections 152(1)(c) and 152(2).

### 4. Application of preference point system

- 4.1 The Municipality will, in the tender documents, stipulate
  - (a) the preference point system applicable; and

- (b) any specific goal as envisaged in section 2(1)(d) and (e) of the Preferential Procurement Act.
- 4.2 If it is unclear whether the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system applies—
  - (a) an invitation for tender for income-generating contracts, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the highest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system; or; or
  - (b) any other invitation for tender, that either the 80/20 or 90/10 preference point system will apply and that the lowest acceptable tender will be used to determine the applicable preference point system..

## 5. 80/20 preference point system for acquisition of goods or services with Rand value equal to or below R50 million

5.1 The following formula must be used to calculate the points out of 80 for price in respect of a tender with a Rand value equal to or below R50 million, inclusive of all applicable taxes:

$$Ps = 80 \left( 1 - \frac{Pt - P\min}{P\min} \right)$$

Where-

- Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration;
- Pt = Price of tender under consideration; and
- Pmin = Price of lowest acceptable tender.
- 5.2 A maximum of 20 points may be awarded to a tenderer for the specified goals for the tender.
- 5.3 The points scored for the specific goal must be added to the points scored for the price and the total must be rounded off to the nearest two decimal places.
- 5.4 Subject to section 2(1)(f) of the Act, the contract must be awarded to the tendering scoring the highest points.

# 6. 90/10 preference point system for acquisition of goods or services with Rand value above R50 million

6.1 The following formula must be used to calculate the points out 90 for price in respect of a tender with a Rand value above R50 million, inclusive of all applicable taxes:

$$Ps = 90 \left( 1 - \frac{Pt - P\min}{P\min} \right)$$

Where-

- Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration;
- Pt = Price of tender under consideration; and

Pmin = Price of lowest acceptable tender.

- 6.2 A maximum of 10 points may be awarded to a tenderer for the specified goals for the tender.
- 6.3 The points scored for the specific goal must be added to the points scored for price and the total must be rounded off to the nearest two decimal places..
- 6.4 Subject to section 2(1)(f) of the Act, the contract must be awarded to the tenderer scoring the highest points.

### 80/20 preference points system for tenders to for income-generating contracts with Rand value equal to or below R50 million

7.1 The following formula must be used to calculate the points for price in respect of an invitation for tender for income-generating contracts, with a Rand value equal to or below R50 million, inclusive of all applicable taxes:

$$Ps = 80\left(1 + \frac{Pt - Pmax}{Pmax}\right)$$

Where-

- Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration;
- Pt = Price of tender under consideration; and

Pmax = Price of highest acceptable tender.

7.2 A maximum of 20 points may be awarded to a tenderer for the specific goal specified for the tender.

- 7.3 The points scored for the specific goal must be added to the points scored for price and the total must be rounded off to the nearest two decimal places.
- 7.4 Subject to section 2(1)(f) of the Act, the contract must be awarded to the tenderer scoring the highest points.

# 8. 90/10 preference point system for tenders for income-generating contracts with Rand value above R50 million

8.1 The following formula must be used to calculate the points for price in respect of a tender for income-generating contracts, with a Rand value above R50 million inclusive of all applicable taxes:

$$Ps = 90\left(1 + \frac{Pt - Pmax}{Pmax}\right)$$

Where-

- Ps = Points scored for price of tender under consideration;
- Pt = Price of tender under consideration; and
- Pmax = Price of highest acceptable tender.
- 8.2 A maximum of 10 points may be awarded to a tenderer for the specific goal specified for the tender.
- 8.3 The points scored for the specific goal must be added to the points scored for price and the total must be rounded off to the nearest two decimal places.
- 8.4 Subject to section 2(1)(f) of the Act, the contract must be awarded to the tenderer scoring the highest points.

### 9. Specified contract participation goals

- 9.1 The tendering conditions will stipulate the specific goals, as contemplated in section 2(1)(d)(ii) of the Preferential Procurement Act, be attained.
- 9.2 A maximum of 20 points (80/20 preference points system) or 10 (90/10) preference points system), must be allocated for specific goals. These goals are :
  - (a) contracting with persons, or categories of persons, historically disadvantaged by unfair discrimination on the basis of race, gender or disability;
  - (b) Promotion of enterprises located in the municipal area (WCO24)

9.3 Regarding par 9.2 (a) at least 50% of the 20/10 points must be allocated to promote this goal and points will be allocated in terms of the BBBEE scorecard as follows.

B-BBEE Status Level of Contributor	Number of Points for 80/20 Preference	Number of Points for90/10Preference	
	Points System	Points System	
1	20	10	
2	18	9	
3	16	8	
4	12	5	
5	8	4	
6	6	3	
7	4	2	
8	2	1	
Non-compliant contributor	0	0	

- 9.4 A tenderer must submit proof of its BBBEE status level contributor.
- 9.5 A tenderer failing to submit proof of BBBEE status level of contributor -
  - 9.5.1 may only score in terms of the 80/90-point formula for price; and
  - 9.5.2 scores 0 points out of 10/5 BBBEE status level of contributor, which is in line with section 2 (1) (d) (i) of the Act, where the supplier or service provider did not provide proof thereof.
- 9.6 Regarding par 9.2(b) a maximum of 50% of the 20/10 points must be allocated to promote this goal. Points will be allocated as follows.

Locality of supplier		Number of Points for 90/10 Preference Points System
Within the boundaries of the municipality	20	10
Outside of the boundaries of the municipality	0	0

- 9.7 The policy should not include Pre-qualification goals.
- 9.8 Any specific goal for which a point may be awarded, must be clearly specified in the invitation to submit a tender.
- 9.9 A tenderer failing to submit proof of required evidence to claim preferences for other specified goals, which is in line with section 2 (1) (d) (ii) of the Act.
  - (i) may only score in terms of the 80/90-point formula for price; and
  - (ii) scores 0 points out of 10/5 of the relevant specific goals where the supplier or service provider did not stipulate.
- 9.10 The preference points scored by a tenderer must be added to the points scored for price.

- 9.11 The points scored must be rounded off to the nearest two decimal places.
- 9.12 The contract must be awarded to the tenderer scoring the highest procurement points.

# 10 Application of Specified contract participation goals in Various thresholds

- 10.1 The preference point scoring system will be applicable for all procurement in excess of R 30 000,00.
- 10.2 If the specific goal of locality is identified for a specific procurement, the delegated official/committee must approve the specific goal (locality), and the point scoring must be specifically indicated in the invitation to tender and scored accordingly.
- 10.3 If the specific goal of locality is not identified for a specific procurement, the maximum points for the specified goals for the tender must be allocated to BBBEE points.

### 11. Criteria for breaking deadlock in scoring

- 11.1 If two or more tenderers score an equal total number of points, the contract must be awarded to the tenderer that scored the highest points for specific goals.
- 11.2 If two or more tenderers score an equal total number of points, the objective criteria in addition to those contemplated in paragraphs (d) and (e) justify the award to the tenderer that scored the highest points in terms in accordance with section 2(1)(f) of the Act.
- 11.3 If two or more tenderers score equal total points in all respects, the award must be decided by the drawing of lots.

### 12. Award of contracts to tenderers not scoring highest points

12.1 A contract may be awarded to a tenderer that did not score the highest points only in accordance with section 2(1)(f) of the Act.

### 13. Remedies

- 13.1 If a Municipality is of the view that a tenderer submitted false information regarding a specific goal, it must
  - a) inform the tenderer; accordingly, and
  - b) give the tenderer an opportunity to make representations within 14 days as to why the tender may not be disqualified or, if the tender has already been awarded to the tenderer, the contract should not be terminated in whole or in part—

- 13.2 After considering the representations referred to in par 13 (1)(b), the Municipality may—
  - (a) if it concludes that such false information was submitted by the tenderer—
  - (i) disqualify the tenderer or terminate the contract in whole or in part; and
  - (ii) if applicable, claim damages from the tenderer;

### 14. Performance Management

The specific goals achieved through the application of the Preferential Procurement Framework Act, 2000 will be monitored in terms of the elements embedded in the Supply Chain Management Policy.

### 15. Reporting

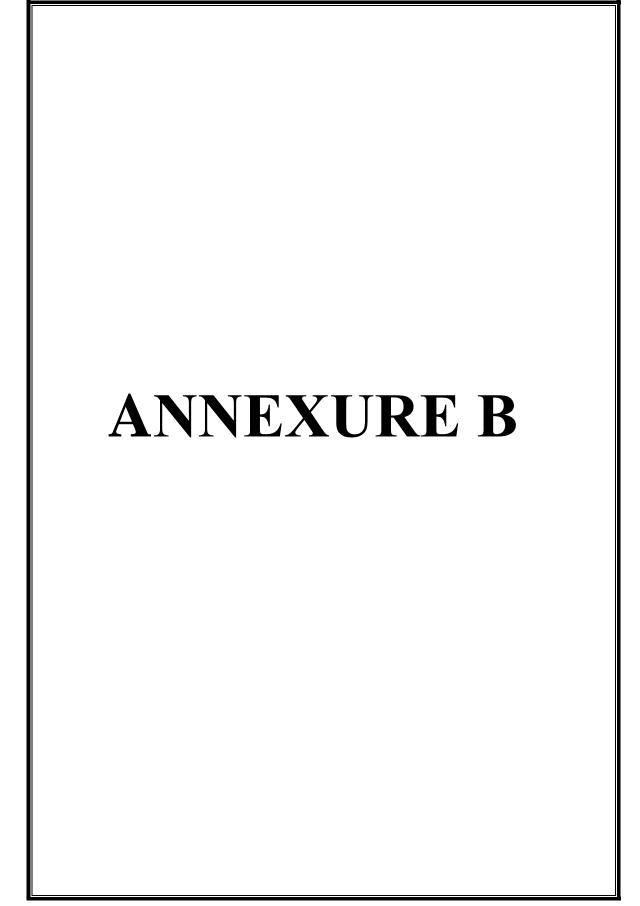
The Accounting Officer must align its reporting requirements to the Council as per SCM Regulation 6 to also report on progress with the implementation of this Policy

### 16. Repeal of regulations

- 16.1 Subject to this regulation, the Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017 published in Government No. 40553 of 20 January 2017, are hereby repealed with effect from the date referred to in subsection17.
- 16.2 Any tender advertised before the date referred to in subsection 17 must be dealt with in terms of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017.

### 17. Short title and commencement

This Policy is called the Stellenbosch Preferential Procurement Policy, 2022/23 and take effect on 16 January 2023.



## NOTICE FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

### STELLENBOSCH DRAFT PREFERENTIAL PROCUREMENT POLICY

Notice is hereby given in terms of , Section 21(A) of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000) (MSA) that the draft Stellenbosch Municipality Preferential Procurement Policy is available for inspection, public representations, inputs and comments on the Municipality's website (<u>www.stellenbosch.gov.za</u>). **Hard copies of the above-mentioned policy will also be available at the following venues:** 

- Municipal Office, Plein Street, Stellenbosch;
- Municipal Office, Hugenote Way, Franschhoek;
- Municipal Office, Main Road, Pniel;
- Ward offices;
- Library, Plein Street, Stellenbosch;
- Library, Sonnebloem Street, Ida's Valley, Stellenbosch;
- Library, Long Street, Cloetesville, Stellenbosch;
- Library, Masithandane Street, Kayamandi, Stellenbosch;
- Library, Main Road, Pniel;
- Library, Reservoir Street West, Franschhoek; and
- Library, Le Roux Street, Groendal, Franschhoek

Comments must be in writing and addressed to the Municipal Manager, PO Box 17, Stellenbosch 7599, or send to the following email address: Renae.Bergstedt@stellenbosch.gov.za, clearly stating "Comments: Draft Stellenbosch Municipality Preferential Procurement Policy".

Persons wishing to comment on the Draft Preferential Procurement Policy, but cannot write, will be assisted during office hours by the Supply Chain Management Principal Clerk (Renae Bergstedt), First Floor, Municipal Building, Stellenbosch at 021 808 8588, to write down his / her comments.

The official date for public release is 03 December 2022, as published on the Municipality's website; closing date for comments is Friday 06 January 2023 at **16h30**.

G Mettler Municipal Manager